# STANDARD OIL AND **COMMON CARRIERS**

Interstate Commerce Commission Reports to Congress on Its Investigations of Relations.

KILLS OFF ALL COMPETITION.

Largely Monopolizes Handling of Petroleum-It Scraples at Nothing To Attain Success.

Washington, Jan. 28 .- The interstate commerce commission sent to Congress a report of the investigations made by under the Tillman-Glilespie resolution concerning the relations of common carriers by rall to the production and distribution of oil. The report covers the distribution of petroleum and its products east of the Mississippi river, and, incidentally, the Kansas and Texas fields. The report points out generally the method by which the Standard oil company "has built up and perpetuated its monopoly." It is asserted that "the ruin of its compelitiors has been a distinct part of the policy of the Standard Oil company in the past, systematically and persistently pursued."

THE REPORT.

"No instance," the report says, "is bound where any rallway company has been interested in oil lands or in pebeen interested in oil lands or in petroleum production, and only one instance is shown where officials of a railway company were interested in the production and sale of oil. This relates to certain officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern having owned stock of the Argand Refining company, which was on their recommendation afterward sold to the Standard Oil company, and the lubricating contract which the road transferred to the Galena Oil company, a Standard Oil company.

MONOPOLIZING PETROLEUM.

"The Standard Oil company largely monopolizes the handling of petroleum from the mouth of the well until it is from the mouth of the well until it is sold to the retailer, and sometimes to the consumer, and under ordinary circumstances its margin of profit is very large. Estimates made in the report show a profit on refined oil from the Sugar Creek refinery at Kansas City of from five to eight cents a gallon. A nuch higher profit is indicated for gasoline. The sale of refined oil from the large Standard refinery at Whiting is correspondingly profitable.

"The evidence shows little basis for the contention that the enormous dividends of the Standard Oil comptny are the legitimate result of its economics, Except for its pipe lines, the Standard has but little legitimate advantage over the independent refiner.

the independent refiner.

METHOD OF ADVERTISING.

The Standard buys advertising space in many newspapers, which it fills, not with advertisements, but with reading matter prepared by agents kept for that purpose, and paid for at advertis-

that purpose, and paid for at advertising rates, as ordinary news. The assumption is that this literature furnishes many of the ideas touching the great
benefits conferred upon the public by
the Standard Oil company.

"Possession of the pipe lines enables
the Standard absolutely to control the
price of crude petroleum and the price
which its competitors in a given locality shall pay. It can raise the price
in one locality and obtain its own oil
from another, and reverse the process
when it desires to do so. Wheever controls the avenues of transportation of
the raw material or of the refined pro-

Treasures Found in

Our American Forests.

That our American forests abound in plants which possess the most

valuable medicinal virtues is abundantly attested by scores of the most

emine w medical writers and teachers of this and other countries. Even the untriored Indians had discovered the usefulness of many native

plants before the advent of the white race. This information, imparted

freely to the whites, led the latter to continue investigations until to-day we have a rich assortment of most valuable American medicinal roots.

eases, if we would properly investigate them, and, in confirmation of

this conviction, he points with pride to the most marvelous cures ef-

fected by his "Golden Medical Discovery," which has proven itself to be

the most efficient stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart tonic and reg-

ulator, and blood cleanser known to medical science. Dyspepsia, or

indigestion, torpid liver, functional and even valyular and other affec-

The reason why "Golden Medical Dis- and other displacements caused by

covery" cures these and many other weakness, ulceration of uterus and affections, is clearly shown in a little kindred affections, often after many

book of extracts from the standard other advertised medicines and physicians had failed.

Nursing mothers and over-burdened women in all stations of life, whose vigor and vitality may have been undermined and broken-down by over-

To aid in healing old sores, or ulcers, dermined and broken-down by overapply Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve to
them while taking the "Golden Medical
Discovery" to purity and enrich the blood.
Discovery" to purity and enrich the blood.
Dr. Pierce's All - Healing Salve is Prescription the most potent, invigoratcleaning and rain relieving.

cleansing and pain relieving. It destroys the bad odors arising from suppurating, or running, sores and puts them in the best possible condition for in sustaining their strength and promoting their strength and pain relieving.

healing.

The "All-Healing Salve" is a superior child. Expectant mothers too will find

dressing for all open, running, or suppurating. Sores or Ulcers For healing tem for baby's coming and rendering open wounds, cuts and scratches it is the ordeal comparatively painless. It unsurpassed.

unsurpassed.

If your medicine dealer does not have the "All-Healing Salve" in stock mail 50 cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and you will receive it by return post.

In treating all open sores, or ulcers, boils, carbuneles and other swellings, it is important that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery be taken persistently to purify the blood and thereby remove to purify the blood and thereby remove the cause of the trouble. It is in the

is important that Dr. Pierce's Golden is post floating before eyes, have disagree-able pelvic catarrhal drain, prolapsus, anteversion or retroversion or other blood that the great battle of health has to be fought. The ulcer and the sore weakness of parts, will, whether they experience many or only a few of the above symptoms, find relief and a perwith roots running down into the blood.

Not less marvelons, in the unparalleled cures it is constantly making of woman's many peculiar affections, weaknesses and distressing derangements, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as is amply attested by thousands of unsolicited testimonials contributed by grateful patients who have because of the carried on by skilled chemists and pharmacists with the aid of apparatus and appliances specially designed and built for this purpose. Both medicines are entirely free from alcohol and all other harmful, habitforming drugs. A full list of their ingredients is printed on each bottlewrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant

by grateful patients who have been stipation. Constipation is the cause of cured by it of catarrhal pelvic drains, many diseases. Cure the cause and you painful periods, irregularities, prolansus, que ha disease. Easy to take at candy.

These roots must be eradicated or the disease will break out afresh, "Golden

Medical Discovery" cleanses the blood of all foul and poisonous accumulations, pushes out the dead and waste matter, and thus purifies the entire life current.

Disease in the flesh must die out when it is no longer fed by foul blood. "Golden Medical Discovery" effectively cures disease in the flesh by curing its

manent cure by using faithfully, and fairly persistently, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Both the above mentioned medi-

cines are wholly made up from the glyceric extracts of native, medicinal

roots. The processes employed in their manufacture were original with Dr. Pierce, and they are carried on by skill-ed chemists and pharmacists with the

tions of the heart yield to its curative action.

Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., believes that our American forests abound in medicinal roots for the cure of most obstinate and fatal dis-

HAY'S Hairhealth

bligh-class lating; positively removes dandruff, a bligh-class latin-grower dressing, keeping hair soft and have latin-grower dressing, keeping hair soft and have lating the lating for both lating the lating the lating have lating the lating latin

duct can speedily drive his competitors out of existence, and the production and distribution of petroleum is no excep-tion to the rule."

PIPE LINE SYSTEM. pipe line system of the Stand-

The pipe line system of the Standard, the report continues, is not a natural, but rather an artificial advantage. It is argued that the reason why long pipe lines competing with those of the Standard have not been provided is found in obstacles in the way of such undertakings having been opposed by the railroads, whose right of way has generally stood as a Chinese wall against all attempts to extend pipe lines. Ordinarily, it is said, the Standard has not received rebates in recent years, so far as has been discovered, but it has nevertheless enjoyed secret rates possessing all of the elements of illegal rebates, and the advantages so obtained over independent vantages so obtained over independent shippers have been of very great value to that company. Numerous instances to that company. Numerous instances of discrimination in favor of the Stand-ard resulting from the published rall-way rates were found, says the report. In this connection the following is an instance given:

RAIL RATES ADVANCED.

"A low rate of 10 cents per 100 pounds upon petroleum and its by-products existed for many years from Neodesha. Kan., where the Standard operated a refinery, to Kansas City. This was for the interest of the Standard; but when the Standard constructed its refinery at Sugar Creek, Kansas City, and connected it by pipe line with the Kansas oil wells the rail rate was advanced from 10 to 17 cents per 100 pounds. While the railways insist that this was not done at the instance of the Standard construction of the Standard con the Sta While the railways insist that this was not done at the instance of the Standard, the significant fact remains in this and many other cases called to the commission's attention, that the rate was not changed until it came to be for the interest of the Standard that it should be changed, and it was changed, as that company naturally would desire."

RUINING COMPETITORS.

In discussing the assertion contained in the report that "the ruin of its com-petitors has been a distinct part of the policy of the Standard Oli company." the commission says one method has been the organization of a perfect sys-tem of esplonage over the shipments of its competitors, resulting in knowledge as to the destination of every car of oil leaving the refinery of an inde-pendent. The Standard agent at the destination, says the report, is held re-sponsible if the independent oil is sold.

BUYING INFORMATION.

"It does not appear," continues the report, "that the railroad companies have directed the furnishing of this information, or that the practise has been sanctioned by superior officers of the roads, but it does appear that such information is systematically obtained from the railroad employes. The testimony shows that the Standard at one dime, if it does not now, devoted a fund to the purchase of obtaining this information. It has frequently happened, when the supply of independent oil in a particular territory was low and a shipment was peculiarly necessary, that the shipment has unaccountably gone astray. Information also appears to have been given the Union Tank line, a creature of the Standard, concerning the whereabouts of its cars, while such information was not furnished to other owners of tank cars, and some discrimination in tank cars mileage in favor of the tank ine. "It does not appear," continues the cars, and some discrimination in tank car mileage in favor of the tank line is shown for one railroad."

COMPETITION KILLED.

It is asserted that it is the practise of It is asserted that it is the practise of the Standard, whenever a competitor erects a storage tank to which the oil is transferred from the tank car, to re-duce the price of oil in the locality to such a point as to make the business unprofitable to such competitor, while prices were maintained in other localities. There was much complaint that the railroads allowed the Standard to crect its tanks at convenient points on the right of way, and declined to accord this privilege to inedpendent refiners. The commission says that it is satisfied that such discrimination has been very generally practised in the

OIL FOR RAILROADS.

OIL FOR RAILROADS.

The report shows that "at present every considerable railroad in the United States is buying of the Galena Oil company, one of the Standard companies, most of its lubricating and signal oils, the prices paid for lubricating oil, which is of three grades, being substantially the same to the various railroads. The contracts generally contain a guaranty to the road that the cost of lubrication shall not exceed a certain sum per mile or engine mile, and provide for oil inspectors appointed by the sum per mile or engine mile, and provide for oil inspectors appointed by the oil company to supervise the use of the oil. The Galena company is rarely called upon to pay anything under the guaranty, and the prices obtained by the oil compony are extravagantly high. Oils of the same grade could be bought in the open market for about one-half the Galena company's prices."

The report severely arraigns the

METHODS CONDEMNED.

The Standard has repeatedly, after The Standard has repeatedly, after becoming the owner of a competing company, continued to operate it under the old name, carrying the idea to the public that the company was still independent and competing with the Standard. It has used such purchased or independently organized companies to kill off competitors by such companies reducing release the companies reducing release to the companies reducing release. or independently organized companies to kill off competitors by such companies reducing prices. The operation of such fake independent concerns has been one of its most effective means of destroying competition. The Standard has habitually reduced the price against its competitor in a particular locality, while maintaining prices at other places. When competition was destroyed it advanced or restored former prices. The Standard has sold different grades of oil at different prices from the same barrel. It has paid employes of independent oil companies for information as to the business of those competitors, and has paid employes of industrial companies to secure the addition of its oil in preference to that of its competitors. It has followed every barrel of independent oil to its destination. Its agents are instructed to secure customers at any sacrifice. It has tampered with the oil inspection of oil are singularly defective, and this has been turned to profit by the Standard.

COMMISSION'S KNOWLEDGE.

COMMISSION'S KNOWLEDGE.

"The commission's only knowledge of

"The commission's only knowledge of the competitive method of the Standard Oil company is obtained form evidence taken under oath in this investigation. The Standard was given permission to explain or rebut the facts. "This, if true, demonstrates that the competitive methods of the company in the past have been unfair and disreputable. Its motto has been the destruction of competition at any cost, and this policy has been pursued without much reference to decency or conand this policy has been pursued without much reference to decency or conscience, and it is significant that the
larger independent refinences sell the
greater part of their product in foreign countries. One independent producer testified that 75 per cent of his
product went abroad, and said that he
could compete with the Standard in
Germany, where its methods as followed in this country would not be tolerated, but that he could not compete
with it here."

On the question of remedies, the re-On the question of remedies, the re-

STANDARD SUPREMACY. "More than anything else the pipe line has contributed to the Standard Oil monopoly, and its supremacy must continue until its rival enjoys the same transportation facilities. The amended act to regulate commerce makes the existing pipe lines common carriers subject to the act, and the power to prescribe just and reasonable rates, regulations and practises, after complaint and hearing, is conferred upon the commission. But the pipe line tariffs filed with the commission are alleged to be of no factual advantage to the independent operators. The commission dependent operators. The commission dependent operators. The commission only can act upon these schedules after the complaint has been made chaltenging specific rates, regulations or practises. Some complaints are now pending. How far the amended authority will prove adequate to the correction of such injustice as now exists in respect to this traffic remains to be in respect to this traffic remains to be

NOTHING LIKE ITS MONOPOLY. NOTHING LIKE ITS MONOPOLY.

"Since in the past petroleum rates have not always been established to promote, but often to check, traffic, and the tariffs are more or less permeated with discriminations in favor of the Standard Oil company, having been built up during a series of years in that view, it may be that this discrimination will never be eliminated by any process of complaint against a specific rate or practise. Judging by the past, discriminations as to this traffic may arise more frequently than those now existing can be rooted out by that method. As to no other important tarffic is there an approach to the monopoly of the Standard Oil company in that of oil. Under these conditions it may become necessary to the uprooting of established wrongs and the prevention established wrongs and the prevention of others that the government shall fix in the first instance the rates and regulations for the transportation of this traffic. This method has been adopted by the legislature of one state It probably will be found necessary to disassociate in the case of oil, as in that disassociate in the case of oil, as in that of other commodities, the function of transportation from that of production and distribution. What other remedies in addition to those already provided it may be necessary to prescribe can be better determined in the near future by the results of experience in aministering the present law,"

#### IMPORTED IRON MOLDERS.

Allis-Chalmers Co, Fined \$1,000 for The Offense,

Chicago, Jan. 28 .- The Allis-Chalmers company, manufeturers of mining machinery, was fined \$4,000 today by Judge Landis in the United States district court following the return by a jury of a verdict finding the company guilty of importing four iron molders from Manchester, England, in violation of the alien contract labor law. Counsel for the company will appeal the case to the United States circuit court of appeals.

TO MAKE GAMBLING OPTIONAL.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 28 .- A bill will be introduced in the legislature tomorrow by Representative Norriss making gam-biling at fero, roulette and poker a ques-tion of local option. A sliding scale run-ning from \$6,000 down for cities is provided. One-half of the fee goes to the state and the remainder to the cities and school funds. Notice of intention to introduce was given today.

BALLINGER CONFIRMED.

Washington, Jan. 28,—The senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Rich-ard A. Ballinger of Scattle to be com-missioner of the general land office.

#### W. T. MARTIN, JR., SENTENCED.

A Year and a Day's Imprisonment and A Ten Thousand Dollar Fine.

Muskokee, I. T., Jan. 28.-W. T. Martin, Jr., convicted of stealing a Creek Indian roll from the Dawes commission, today was sentenced to serve a year and a day in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., and to pay u fine of \$10,000. Judge Lawrence refused to grant a new trial. An appeal will be taken.

# LABOR OF CHILDREN

Senator Beveridge Holds Congress Has it Under Commerce Clause of Constitution.

SPOONER OF OPPOSITE VIEW.

Sharp Colloquy Followed, Indiana Senator Saying no One Could Tell the Wisconsin Senator Anything.

Washington, Jan. 28. Senator Beveridge today resulmed his speech in behalf of the measure prohibiting interstate commerce in articles which are the product of child labor, Mr. Beveridge stated that three-fourths of the cotton factories of the south were opposing the bill, that the railroads of the south were opposing it, and that the coal mine operators of the south were opposing it.

Senator Tillman acknowledged the very great evil of child labor in his state, but he believed the question one for state rather than federal control. Adding to the difficulty in his state, he said, was the northern millionaire, who invested his money in cotton mills and then influenced the legislature against child labor laws.

"The senator is to a certain extent right," interrupted Senator Gallinger, "There is northern money in South Carolina, and God help South Carolina there was not northern money

there."
"Rather than have northern money there exercising its lobbying influence," retorted Mr. Tillman, "I would to God the senator and all others would keep northern money out of my

A spirited colloquy resulted between Senators Spooner and Beveridge when the former asked if it was the posi-tion of the Indiana senator that Contion of the Indiana senator that Congress had power to enact, under the commerce clause of the Constitution, a law which would prevent child labor in the states. Mr. Beveridge replied that he so held. Mr. Spooner indicated that he should later have something to say against that position, whereupon Mr. Beveridge retorted that the senator could issue a "fiat" if he saw fit, indicating at the same time that this flat would be from the senate judiciary committee. "I issue the fit for myself," retorted Mr. Spooner. "You did give a flat yourself," continued Mr. Beveridge, "when you introduced a resolution directing the judiciary committee to advise the senate on the constitutionality of the question invented."

judicary committee to advise the sen-ate on the constitutionality of the question involved." He then said that the effect of the resolution was to make Senator Spooner chairman of the sub-committee who would report

on the matter.

Mr. Spooner replied that he had been a member of the senate for some time—somewhat longer than the senator from Indiana, but, he added, he did not expect to be a senator as long as the senator from Indiana—and that it was not an unusual third.

as the senator from Indiana—and that it was not an unusual thing for the senate to refer a matter to the judiciary committee for report as to the power of Congress to act on a given matter. "The flat lay in the adoption of the resolution," he concluded.

Mr. Beveridge then remarked that he had yielded to the senator, and that he had announced when the senator was not in the chamber that he would be glad to answer any question. To this Mr. Spooner replied that the committee would be glad to get information from the senator on the question, and that he should be glad to do so.

"Of course," retorted Mr. Beveridge, "I cannot give the senator in-

### PILES

Cured Quieldy and Painlessly - No Risk, No Danger.

A Free Trial Package to Convince Sent By Mail to All Who Write.

Common sense is just as necessary (even more so) in medicine as in busi-ness or the affairs of every day life. People are getting to know more than respie are getting to know more than they used to. Not so long ago, it was the fashion to make all sorts of claims for a medicine, and wind up by asking the reader to go to a drug store and buy a bottle. People won't stand for that kind of thing now. They want proof—tangible proof. They want to try the remedy first and if they find it to be what is claimed they will be glad o be what is claimed they will be glad enough to go and buy it



A CONVINCING ARGUMENT.

A CONVINCING ARGUMENT.

That is why we say to every person suffering from piles or any form of rectal disease, send us your name and we will gladly send you a free trial package. For we know what the result will be. After using the trial you will hurry to your nearest druggist and set a 50c box of Pyramid Pile Cure, now admitted by thousands to be one of the most wonderful reliefs and cures for Piles ever known.

"Please excuse my delay in writing to you sooner in regard to what your Pyramid Pile Cure has done for me. I consider it one of the finest medicines

Pyramid Pile Cure has done for me. I consider it one of the finest medicines in the world for piles. I suffered unteld misery for four months when my wife begged me to send for a 50c box. When it was half gone I knew I was better and it didn't take any begging to get me to send for a second box. I think I am about well now for if I feel any symptoms of a return I will order at once. I order it from the Pyramid Drug Co. to be sure of the cure. Tell all about this fine remedy for piles.

"And if there is anything in this letter you want to use do so. I re-

"And if there is anything in this letter you want to use do 50. I received your letter a few days ago. Yours for a remedy like Pyramid Pile Care.

J. J. McELWEE,
Honey Grove. Tex., R. R. 9. Box 29.

"P. S. I. only used two boxes and don't thing I need any more. Piles of seven months' standing."

To get a free trial backage send today, to the Pyramid Drug Co., 64 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Michigan. It will come by return mail and the results will both delight and astonish you

formation nor can anybody else." He then added, "well, I might, but the senator does not think so."

Mr. Beveridge closed the incident by remarking that it might be well to postpone action until the supreme court had pronounced on the subject.

"But there seems to be here," he added, "a junior supreme court with a desire to relieve the supreme court of the United States of constitutional questions and the senate of all constitutional responsibility, and above all, I think this practise is extremely dangerous."

dangerous."

Senator Beverldge continued his remarks until 5 o'clock, when he suspended until tomorrow. His position is that the power of Congress to enact the legislation is ample, but when asked by Mr. Rayner if this power could be exercised to absolutely prohibit commerce between the states he replied that the question was an impossible one.

U. S. SUPREME COURT RECESS. Washington, Jan. 28.—Chief Justice Fuller today announced that the su-preme court of the United States would take a three weeks' recess from Mon-day next for the purpose of consultation

#### PRISONERS RELEASED.

Eighty-four Deserters Turned Out From Leavenworth Military Prison.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 28.—Eightyfour inmates of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, most of them men who had been punished for deserting from the army, were released today on an order from the secretary of war. This is the largest number of men ever freed from any prison at any one time. The men had been sentenced to serve from one year up in the prison and all-had done one year. They were recommended for elemency by Lieut. Col. Young, commandant of the prison, because of good behavior.

There was not enough citizens' clothing in the prison for them, and several remained in prison tonight and will remain for a few days until clothing can be supplied. The government has made no appropriation for giving the men transportation to their homes, as is done in the United States penitentiary, and they have been turned adrift without a cent in their pockets. The majority came to Leavenworth during the day and begged food and shelter for the night. Some of them managed to get as far as Kansas City with money borrowed from soldiers at Fort Leavenworth.

The chiefs of police in Leavenworth. From Leavenworth Military Prison.

worth.

The chiefs of police in Leavenworth,
Atchison, Kansas City and St. Joseph
were notified by Col. Young to preven;
them picking the fellows up for desertion from the army.

It pays to meet us face to face Mecham Dental Co., 65 Main St.



Complexions Look Clear and Refined When Touched By

#### TOWNSEND'S ENAMEL CREAM Superior to Face Powders

Instantly Imparts Clearness, Bril-lancy, Freshness and a Pearl-like PRICE 50 CENTS.

SCHRAMM'S WHERE THE CARS STOP

Notice if our name is on the door. If not it's the wrong place. Phone 65 for the correct time.



Yesterday, today, and always. Our prices DO NOT ADVANCE on account of the Holidays. 25 per cent SAVED by purchas-ing Xmas jewelry of us.

CARTER JEWELRY CO., 324 Main Street.

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Manufacturer and Fitter of Perfect Eye Classes. 73 West First South, Both 'Phones 1763.

**Hotel Grace** 

Headquarters for Utah People and Mormon Missionaries in CHICAGO.

Location, Opposite Postoffice and Board of Trade, Exact Center of Business District, Jackson Boulevard and Clark Street. 200 Rooms at \$1 per day, and upward. Every room has hot and cold water. C. C. COLLINS, Proprietor.

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GODBE PITTS

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS. 101 MAIN ST.

# I Cured My Rupture

I WIII Show You How To Cure Yours FREE ?

I was practically helpless and bed-ridden for many years from a double rupture. I wore in numerable different kinds of trusses and appli-ances. Some of them were tortures, some pos-tively dangerous, and none would hold the rup-ture by the second of th

Free Rupture-Cure Coupon OAPT. W. A. COLLINGS,
Box 248 Waterfown. M. Y.
Dear Sir:—I wish you would send me your
New Discovery for the Cure of Rupture.

Kosmeo For Men After Shaving

Price 50c .- At All Dealers.

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RELIEVE INDIGESTION
AND STOMACH TROUBLES Sold by Z.C.M.I.Drug Dept.,112-4 Main

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Beesley Music Co.,

TELEGRAPH SCHOOL.

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS Under personal management of an experienced train dispatcher. Positions guaranteed Terms. \$10 per month.

#### FRUIT TREES!

A large assortment of the finest quality of Fruit, Shade and Ornamental trees at very low prices. We make a specialty of dealing direct with the farmers. Write for our catalog. FREE. We pay the freight. Schroeder-Son Nursery Company Lafayette, Colorado.

Special Clothing Sale

Hundreds of Up-to-Date Men's Suits And Overcoats. Your Choice \$6.00, Worth \$12.00, \$15.00 to \$18.00. The best bargains in the city. THE HUB. 50 E. First South

BED BUGS AND VERMIN POSITIVELY REMOVED. Utah Sanitary House Gi'g Co. 117 So. W. Temple. 'Phones 555

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of and Visitor to Salt Salt Lake, is interested in the Resources and Products of the State. The Utah Chamber of Commerce, 56-58 W. 3rd South St., has a most attractive and interesting exhibit.

FREE ADMISSION

Fresh Roasted & Delicious



Buy a Can from your Grocer.



# The Lagoon Road"

Simon Bamberger, President and Geseral Manuger.
Time Table in effect Sept. 4, 1996;
Leave Salt Lake-5: 50 and 5:00 a m.
Leave Layton for Salt Lake-7:06 and 10:15 a. m.; 2:45, 5:00 and 7:45 p. m.

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ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

PROVO ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.
Location and place of business Sait Lake
City, Utah. Notice is hereby given the
at a meeting of the Board of Directors
said company held on the 3rd day of
November, 1968, an assessment of so
cents per share was levied upon the car
tal stock of this corporation, payable
mediately to the secretary at his offs.
137 East Second South Street, Sait Lake
City, Utah.
Any stock upon which this assessment
shall remain unpaid on the 5th day of
December, 1966, will be delinquent and
vertised for sale at public auction, an
unless payment is made before, will be
sold on the 21st day of December, 1988, is
2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the conpany, 137 East Second South Street, Sait
Lake City, Utah, to pay the delinquent
assessment, together with the cost of
advertising and expenses of sale.
(Signed) H. GHEEN, Secretary,
Sait Lake City, Utah, November 5h
First publication November 5h, 192.

By order of Board of Directors ins. 197.

By order of Board of Directors time of delinquency extended to January 18 [89], and date of sale to February, 6th 1697, H. GREEN, Secs

SUMMONS.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE Third Judicial District of the State of Utab. County of Sail Lake, May C. Bastian, Plaintiff, vs Nathan Hawk. Sail fendant. The State of Utab. to the Sail fendant: You are hereby aummoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you. If served within the County in which this action within the County in which this action is brought, otherwise, within therty days after service, and defend the above carrier service, and defend the above carrier of the compaint of which a copy is herestiff the complaint of which a copy is herestiff served upon you.

the complaint of which a copy is herevil served upon you. W. R. HUTCHINSON. Plaintiff's Attoros. MARY C. BASTIAN. P. O. Address 512 Atlas Block, Salt Late City, Utah.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT NO. 1.

CHERRY CREEN Pri cipal place of 1 Utah. Notice is hometing of the both earlier of two (2) could on the capital tion, payable imm Ewan, secretary. Bank of Utah. Sai stock on which for main unpaid at the the 8th day of collinguent and public auction, as made before will be at on February 28th, of advertising and control of the control o

advertising and experse of sale. HENRY T. McFWAN. Pirst publication Jan. 8, 1997.